

for him on St. Anne's day, so long as the church should exist, as an acknowledgment of his liberality.

1747.

On the 5th of April, I left Chekoutimi on the ice to go to Tadoussac. I remained there five days, and then went to la Malbaie to enable them to obtain the indulgences of the Jubilee. I returned on the 27th to Tadoussac, whence I started on the 2nd of June for Chekoutimi, arriving there on the morning of the 3rd. I had the consolation of putting an end to the misconduct of a wretched man who had for a long time lived an evil life. I left Chekoutimi on the 1st of July, having been detained partly owing to a sore leg, and partly because I wished to conclude a marriage upon which I had greatly set my heart; and I was able to go to the Jérémie Islets on the 5th of July. I returned to Tadoussac for the festival of St. Anne; and, after a second voyage to Chekoutimi and one to Quebec, I went to spend the winter at Bon désir.

On the 4th of March, 1748, I was sent for to go to Chekoutimi, where some people were sick, and I returned to Tadoussac. On the 21st, I went to Quebec, where I obtained from monsieur the Intendant a further amount of 300 livres for my new Church of Tadoussac.

In the autumn of 1749, Monsieur Bigot, the Intendant, granted me 200 livres for my church of Tadoussac, which was roofed and closed in this year.²⁷

Finally, on the feast of St. John in the year 1750, the said Church was completely finished; and it was valued at 3,000 livres by Monsieur Guillemain,